WO 2004/090018 PCT/US2004/009972

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

5

10

15

20

25

1. A compound comprising i) three or more dienophile groups (A-functional groups) and ii) a single ring structure comprising two conjugated carbon-to-carbon double bonds and a leaving group L (collectively referred to as a B-functional group), characterized in that one A-functional group of one molecule of the compound is capable of reaction under cycloaddition reaction conditions with the B-functional group of a second molecule and elimination of the leaving group L, to thereby form a polymer.

2. A compound according to claim 1 corresponding to the formula,

wherein L is -O-, -S-, -N=N-, -(CO)-, -(SO₂)-, or -O(CO)-;

Z is independently in each occurrence -W-(C \equiv C-Q)_q, hydrogen, halogen, an unsubstituted or inertly substituted aromatic group, an unsubstituted or inertly substituted alkyl group, or two adjacent Z groups together with the carbons to which they are attached form a fused aromatic ring;

W is an unsubstituted or inertly substituted C₆₋₂₀ aromatic group,

Q is hydrogen, an unsubstituted or inertly substituted C_{6-20} aryl group, or an unsubstituted or inertly substituted C_{1-20} alkyl group;

q independently each occurrence is an integer from 1 to 3; and the number of Z substituents and q are selected to provide a total of from 3 to 10 -C≡C-Q groups.

3. A compound according to claim 1 corresponding to the formula:

wherein R¹ is hydrogen, C₆₋₂₀ aryl or inertly substituted aryl;

q is a number from 1 to 3;

r is a number from 0 to 3;

u is 0 or 1;

v is a number from 1 to 3;

WO 2004/090018 PCT/US2004/009972

s and t are numbers from 1 to 4, and (v-s) + (q-t) is a number greater than or equal to 3; and r+s+t=4.

4. A compound according to claim 1 corresponding to the formula:

$$C = C \qquad C \qquad C = C \qquad Q' \text{ or}$$

$$C = C \qquad Q' \text{ or}$$

$$C = C \qquad Q' \text{ or}$$

where q' is a number from 2 to 3 and q" is a number from 1 to 3.

5

15

5. A compound according to claim 1 selected from the group consisting of:

- 2-(4-phenylethynyl)-3,4-di((4-phenylethynyl)-4-phenoxyphenyl)-5-phenyl-2,4-cyclopentadienone,
- 2,5-di-(4-phenylethynylphenyl)-3,4-di((4-phenylethynyl)-4-phenoxyphenyl)-2,4-cyclopentadienone,
 - 2,3,4-tri-(4-phenylethynylphenyl)-5-phenyl-2,4-cyclopentadienone,
 - 2,3,4,5-tetrakis-(4-phenylethynylphenyl)-2,4-cyclopentadienone.
 - 2,5-bis-(3,5-di(phenylethynyl)phenyl)-3,4-bis[4-(4-phenylethynyl)phenoxyphenyl]-2,4-cyclopentadienone,
 - 2,5-bis-(3,5-di(phenylethynyl)phenyl)-3,4-bis[4-(4-phenylethynyl)phenyl]-2,4-cyclopentadienone,
 - 2,5-diphenyl-3-[4-(2,4,6-tris(phenylethynyl)phenoxy)phenyl]-5-(3,5-bis(phenylethynyl)phenyl)-2,4-cyclopentadienone, and
- 20 2,5-diphenyl-3-[4-(4-(phenylethynyl)phenoxy)phenyl]-5-(3,5-bis(phenylethynyl)phenyl)-2,4-cyclopentadienone.
 - 6. A spin-coatable, curable composition comprising a monomer according to any one of claims 1-5, an optional solvent, and an optional pore forming material.
- 7. A method of forming an insulating film on an electrical device comprising coating the device with a composition according to claim 6, removing the optional solvent, curing the monomer, and optionally removing the optional pore forming material.

WO 2004/090018 PCT/US2004/009972

7.

8. An electrical device comprising an insulating film prepared according to claim